

The International Organization for Migration (IOM) conducted a biometric verification exercise in the Malakal Protection of Civilians (PoC) site from 1 – 11 August 2017, covering four sectors and 48 blocks of the PoC site. A total of 24,402 individuals, or 9,184 households, were verified.

Sector	Households	Individuals	Total		0-4		5-17		18-59		>60	
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Sector 1	4,321	10,626	5,218	5,408	758	705	1,719	1,772	2,538	2,573	203	358
Sector 2	2,650	7,143	3,288	3,855	682	576	1,328	1,380	1,174	1,705	104	194
Sector 3	916	2,833	1,260	1,573	268	255	592	622	349	622	51	74
Sector 4	1,297	3,800	1,745	2,055	357	344	814	781	527	843	47	87
TOTAL	9,184	24,402	11,511	12,891	2,065	1,880	4,453	4,555	4,588	5,743	405	713

The previous verification was conducted in February 2017, with 30,551 individuals, or 10,230 households, verified, indicating a significant decrease of approximately 6,000 individuals.

The decrease in the population size was due to the massive out-flux of people from March into early June 2017 when many internally displaced persons (IDPs) moved towards Sudan to seek refuge in White Nile refugee camp while others settled within Upper Nile, particularly in Renk and Melut counties. The main contributing factors that led to increased movements out of the PoC included heightened insecurity along the westbank of the White Nile river, mainly around Wau Shilluk, Kodok and Tonga; an increase in food prices due to the ongoing economic crisis in the country; and the opening of a secure passage along the route from Malakal to Sudan.



Biometric Verification at Malakal PoC Site, IOM 2017



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